



Special Travel Service

Luxor

Karnak Temple

The Temple of Karnak (called the open air museum) is the largest Temple in the World covering an area of 100 hectares. The temple complex of Karnak was built over a time period of 1500 years. The Temple hosts sanctuaries, Pylons and granite obelisks. The Hypostyle Hall boasts 134 columns with several colossal statues of the gods. There are several smaller temples and a vast sacred lake. Special Travel let you take a private tour with a qualified Egyptologist guide for 2 hours.



Sound and Light Show at Karnak Temple

A 90 minute Sound and Light Show highlights the dramatic history of ancient Thebes and Karnak. This spectacle would take you around the temple grounds, and then the last act is played while you are seated along the Great Sacred Lake. An audio-visual show that will explain how the temple was used and what life was like in Ancient Egypt



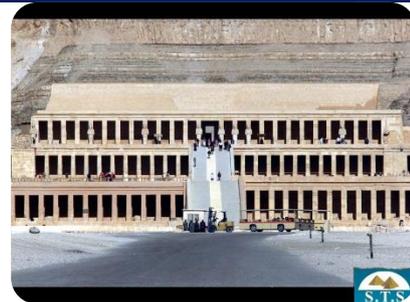
Luxor Temple

The Temple of Luxor is among the most beautiful Temples in the city of Thebes, the ancient capital of Egypt. The Luxor Temple was protected through the ages by a deep layer of sand that was only removed in the 1880s. A long avenue of sphinxes connected Luxor and Karnak Temple, about 3km away from each other. The temple houses The red granite obelisk, the peristyle court, Pylons, colossal statues of Ramses II. Duration: 1.5 hours.



Mortuary Temple of Hatshepsut (Deir El Bahari)

Hatshepsut's Temple was implemented by Senenmut, royal steward and architect of Hatshepsut. The Temple of Hatshepsut was built on three terraced levels. Behind the northern colonnade are idealized scenes of rural life. The story of Hatshepsut's expedition to punt is recorded for posterity in the Egyptian art on the wall of her memorial temple. There are the Birth colonnade and Hathor chapel.





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Valley of the Kings



The Valley of the Kings is one of the most remarkable archaeological destinations in the world - the royal cemetery for the most of the pharaohs of Egypt. The Valley has many beautiful tombs to visit :

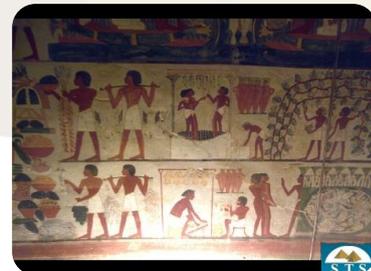
- 01) the Tomb of Tutankhamun (remained intact and discovered 1922) The fabulous riches of the tomb are no longer in it, but have been removed to the Egyptian Museum in Cairo
- 02) The tomb of Ramesses IX: The decorative theme for this tomb begins with the king's adoration of the sun disk. The burial chamber has a vaulted ceiling with a double representation of Nut and passages from the Book of the Day and the Book of the Night.
- 03) The tomb of Horemheb: The first design consisted of an entry pylon into forecourt, a colonnaded court containing the burial shaft and 3 chapels or offering rooms. Intrusive burials were found in the side chapels.

The tomb of Tutmosis III: One of the most sophisticated tombs in the Valley of the Kings. The entrance is 30 meters above ground level. The ceiling of the well was decorated with stars, and a burial chamber decorated with scenes of the Amduat, the pillars were decorated with the Litany of Re and the King

Valley of the Nobles

This ancient complex is made up of more than 400 tombs of Theban nobles :

- 01) The Tomb of Nakht : The Astronomer of Amun . The vestibule is a rectangular hall covered with scenes representing daily life of ancient people, Musicians and Dancers, hunting birds.
- 02) The Tomb of Userhat : It owes in particular famous scenes, the one of the barbers, and the one of the chariot hunt and the third sense of the burial.
- 03) The Tomb of Ramose: Ramose was 'Governor of the Town' (Thebes). We find a portrait of a guest at Ramose funeral banquet.
- 04) The Tomb of Rekhmira: Rekhmira was a "Governor of the Town" and Vizier during the reigns of Thutmosis III. It owes the sense of the voyage to Abydos. The gathering is shown from three arched vines with no support and a lot of leaves and grapes.



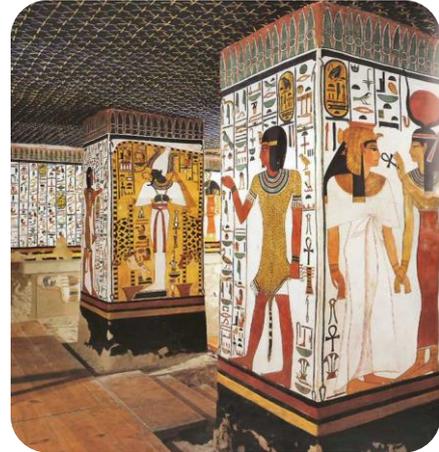


Special Travel Service

Valley of the Queens

There are at least 75 tombs in the Valley of the Queens

- 01) The Tomb of Nefertari: The most beautiful Tomb in Egypt. The tomb is completely painted with scenes though out.
- 02) The Tomb of Amenherkhepshef : one of the sons of Ramesses III . The structure itself and decorations were in excellent condition. The Tomb of Ti : The decorated tomb has Many paintings with the needs of Ti in the afterlife.



Deir El Madina

The ancient workmen's village of Deir el-Medina is nestled in a small wadi and was home to the artisans who worked on the tombs in the Valley of the Kings.

The tomb of Sennedjem in the necropolis of Deir el-Medina. The tomb originally had a wooden door opening into the first, small room, with a scene depicting Snnedjem and his wife, Lyneferti playing the board game. Entering the burial chamber, find a scene depicting the mummy of the deceased in his sarcophagus lying on a funeral bed. Today the funerary equipment, mostly made by the workers themselves, is displayed in the Museo Egizio. The tomb of Inherkhau is located in the necropolis of Deir el-Medina. Inherkhau had the title "Foreman of the Lord of the Two Lands". The upper chamber has scenes of Inherkhau and his wife facing kings and queens.



Medinet Habu

Is an archaeological locality situated near the foot of the Theban Hills. The Temple of Ramesses III is the best preserved among all temples of Thebes, and its decorated surfaces amount to 7,000 square meters. You can see brilliantly illustrated scenes: Fight scenes and equestrian, battle scenes and the scene of the Hunting of the wild bull





Special Travel Service

The Colossi of Memnon

Are two massive stone statues (19m) of Pharaoh Amenhotep III. Two shorter figures are carved into the front throne alongside his legs: these are his wife Tiy and mother Mutemwiya. Thanks to some damage, the effect of the stone warming up in the morning made the statue emit a strange sound like singing..



Ramseum Temple

Temple of the Ramesseum was built by Ramses II as a funerary Temple in 1250 B.C. The eastern pylon of the Temple was the main entrance and was once decorated with scenes of the battle of Kadesh. There was a colossal statue of Ramses II which is 20m (66ft) high and weighing more than 1,000 tons

